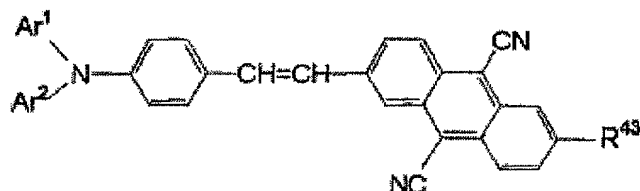


fluoroalkyl group, a nitro group, or a halogen atom, and R^{42} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.]

15. A process for producing the aminostyrylanthracene compound defined in Claim 14, wherein said process comprises performing said condensation by Wittig-Horner reaction or Wittig reaction, treating said phosphonic ester and/or said phosphonium salt with a base in a solvent, thereby giving carboanions, and condensing these carboanions with said aminobenzaldehyde.

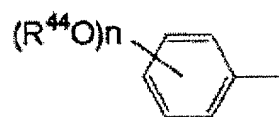
16. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 14, wherein an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following general formula (5)

General formula (5)



[where, in the general formula (5) above, Ar^1 and Ar^2 are identical or different aryl groups which may have a substituent and, if they have a substituent, they represent a group selected from aryl groups represented by the following general formulas (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11),

General formula (6)



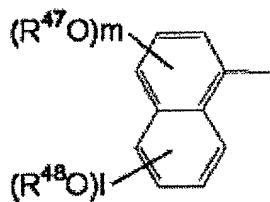
General formula (7)



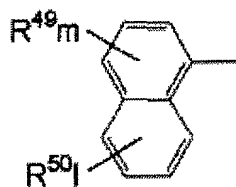
General formula (8)



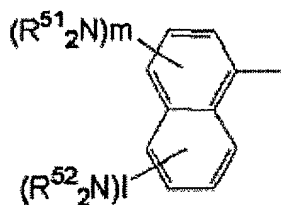
General formula (9)



General formula (10)



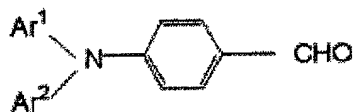
General formula (11)



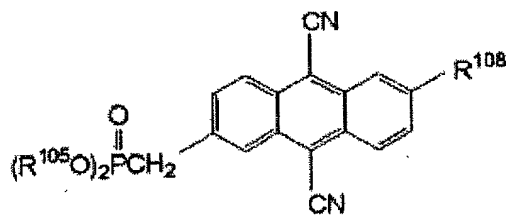
(where, in the general formulas (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11) above, R^{44} , R^{45} , and R^{46} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or a fluoroalkyl group, R^{47} , R^{48} , R^{49} , R^{50} , R^{51} , and R^{52} are identical or different groups, each representing a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or a fluoroalkyl group, n is an integer of 0 to 5, m is an integer of 0 to 3, and l is an integer of 0 to 3), R^{43} is a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent]

is obtained by condensing 4-(N,N-diarylamino)benzaldehyde represented by the following general formula (38) with a phosphonic ester represented by the following general formula (39) or a phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula (40).

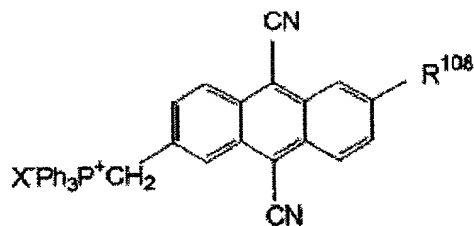
General formula (38)



General formula (39)



General formula (40)



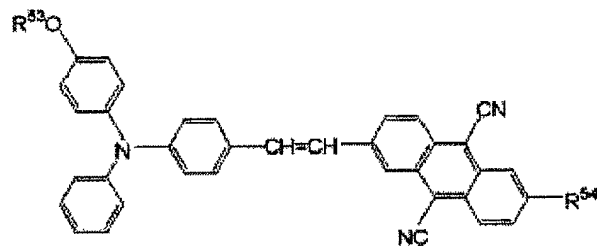
(where, in the general formulas (38), (39), and (40) above, Ar^1 , Ar^2 , R^{105} , and X are defined as above.)

17. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 14, wherein said R^{105} is a saturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 4 carbons.

18. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 16, wherein R^{44} , R^{45} , R^{46} , R^{47} , R^{48} , R^{49} , R^{50} , R^{51} , and R^{52} are groups having 1 to 6 carbons.

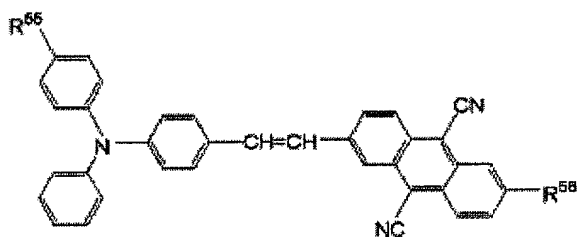
19. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 16, wherein said process gives an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following general formula (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), or (18).

General formula (12)



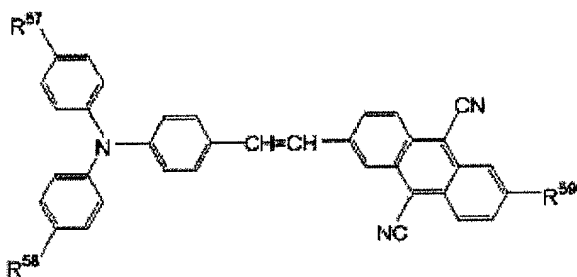
(where, in the general formula (12) above, R⁵³ represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁵⁴ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (13)



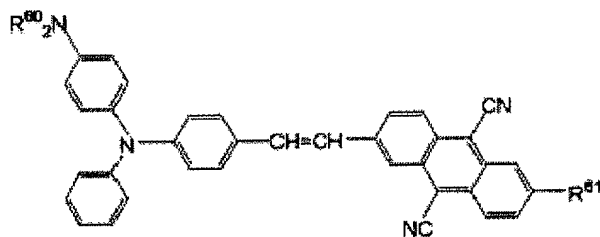
(where, in the general formula (13) above, R⁵⁵ represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, a trifluoromethyl group, or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁵⁶ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (14)



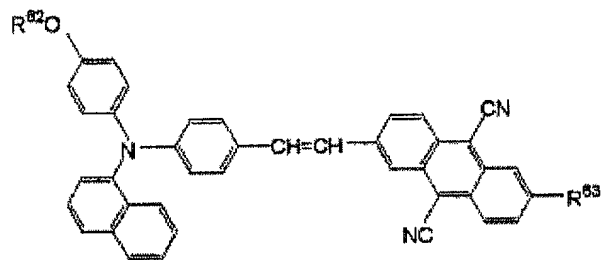
(where, in the general formula (14) above, R⁵⁷ and R⁵⁸ each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, a trifluoromethyl group, or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁵⁹ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (15)



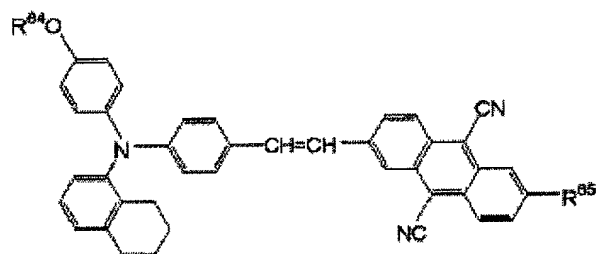
(where, in the general formula (15) above, R⁶⁰ represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁶¹ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (16)



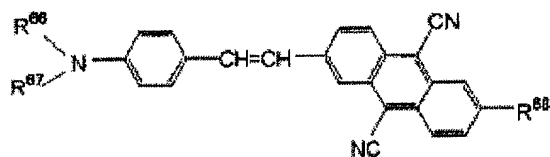
(where, in the general formula (16) above, R⁶² represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁶³ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (17)



(where, in the general formula (17) above, R⁶⁴ represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁶⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

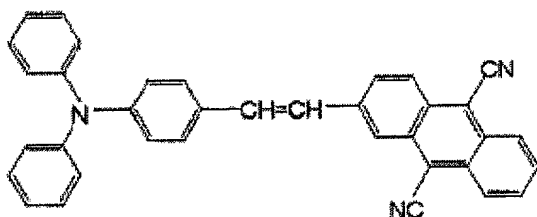
General formula (18)



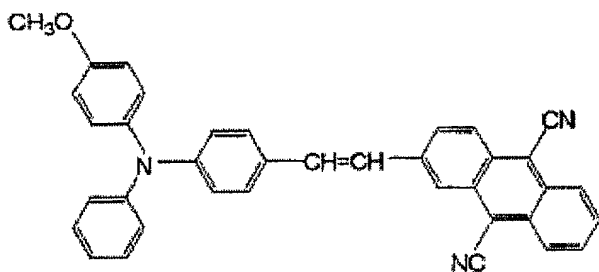
(where, in the general formula (18) above, R^{66} and R^{67} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{68} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

20. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 16, wherein said process gives an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following structural formula (19)-1, (19)-2, (19)-3, (19)-4, (19)-5, (19)-6, (19)-7, (19)-8, (19)-9, (19)-10, (19)-11, or (19)-12.

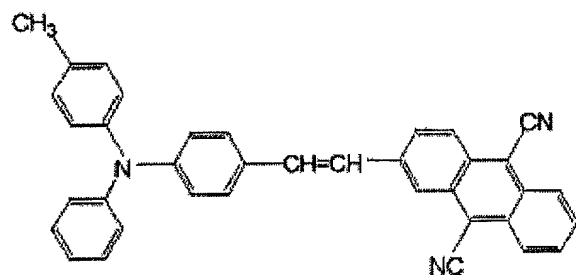
Structural formula (19)-1



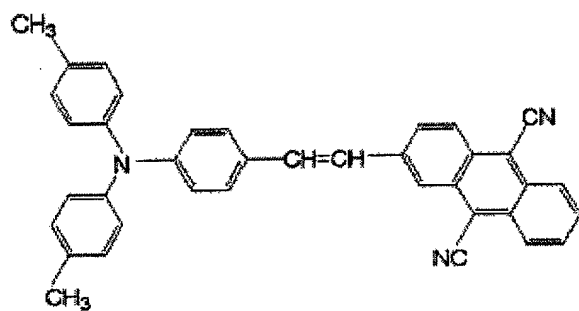
Structural formula (19)-2



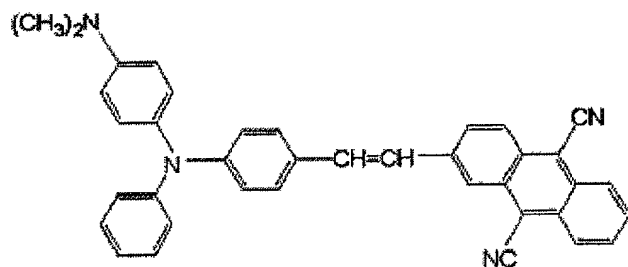
Structural formula (19)-3



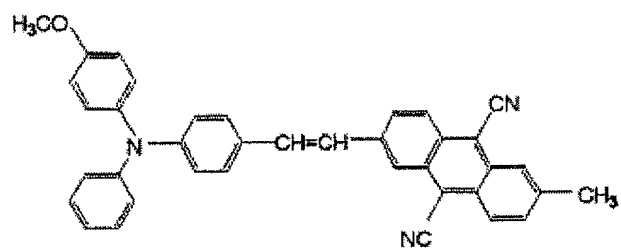
Structural formula (19)-4



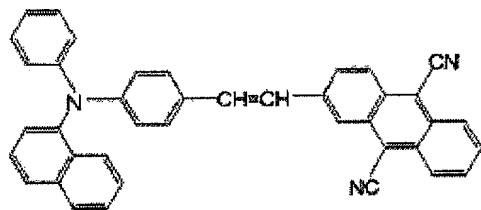
Structural formula (19)-5



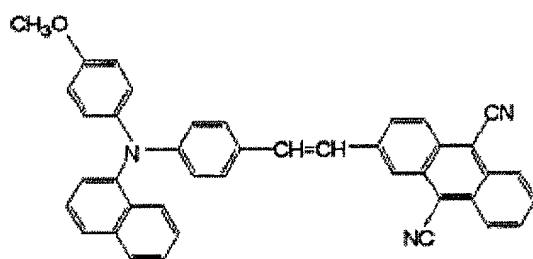
Structural formula (19)-6



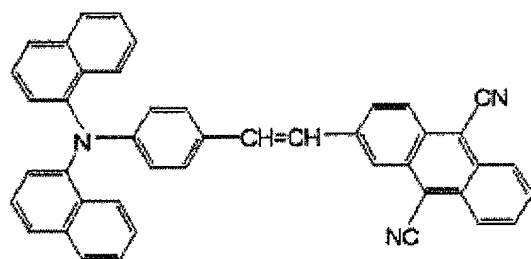
Structural formula (19)-7



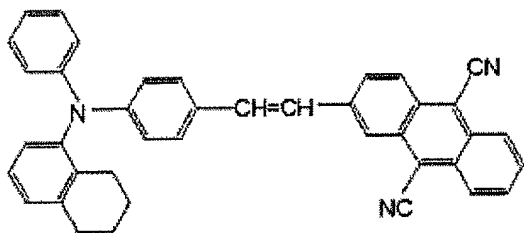
Structural formula (19)-8



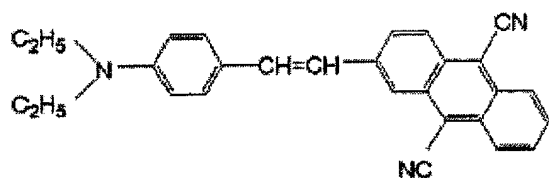
Structural formula (19)-9



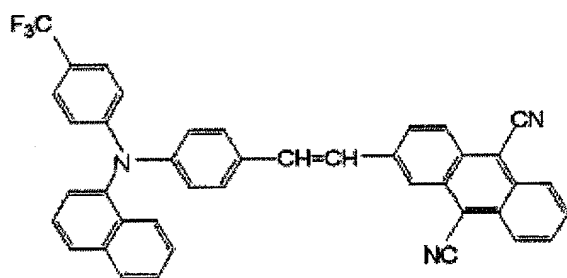
Structural formula (19)-10



Structural formula (19)-11

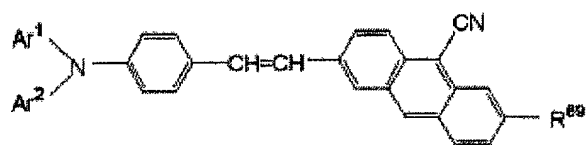


Structural formula (19)-12



21. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 14, wherein an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following general formula (20)

General formula (20)



[where, in the general formula (20) above, Ar¹ and Ar² are identical or different

aryl groups which may have a substituent and, if they have a substituent, they represent a group selected from aryl groups represented by the following general formulas (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11),

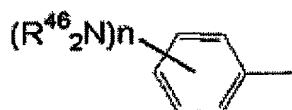
General formula (6)



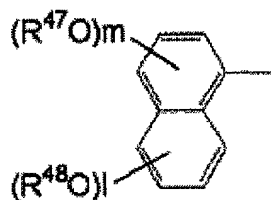
General formula (7)



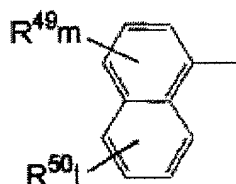
General formula (8)



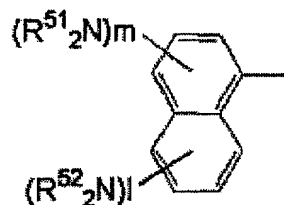
General formula (9)



General formula (10)



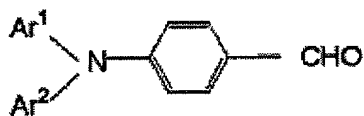
General formula (11)



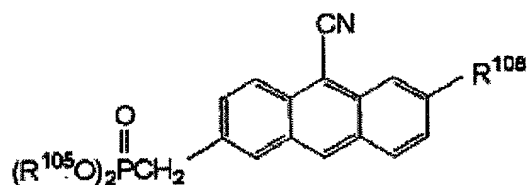
(where, in the general formulas (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11) above, R^{44} , R^{45} , and R^{46} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group or a fluoroalkyl group, R^{47} , R^{48} , R^{49} , R^{50} , R^{51} , and R^{52} are identical or different groups, each representing a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or a fluoroalkyl group, n is an integer of 0 to 5, m is an integer of 0 to 3, and l is an integer of 0 to 3), R^{69} is a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent]

is obtained by condensing 4-(N,N-diarylamino)benzaldehyde represented by the following general formula (38) with a phosphonic ester represented by the following general formula (41) or a phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula (42).

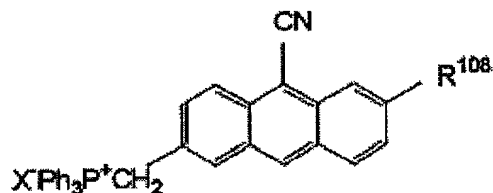
General formula (38)



General formula (41)



General formula (42)

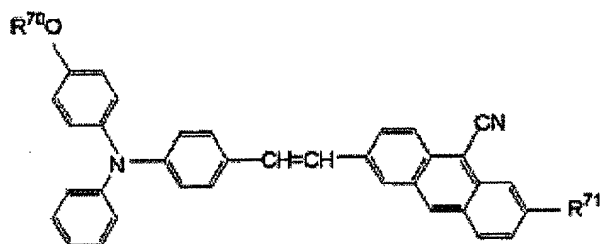


(where, in the general formulas (38), (41), and (42) above, Ar^1 , Ar^2 , R^{105} , and X are defined as above.)

22. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 21, wherein R^{44} , R^{45} , R^{46} , R^{47} , R^{48} , R^{49} , R^{50} , R^{51} , and R^{52} are groups having 1 to 6 carbons.

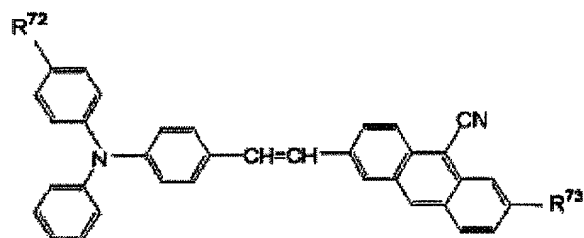
23. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 21, wherein said process gives an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following general formula (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), or (27).

General formula (21)



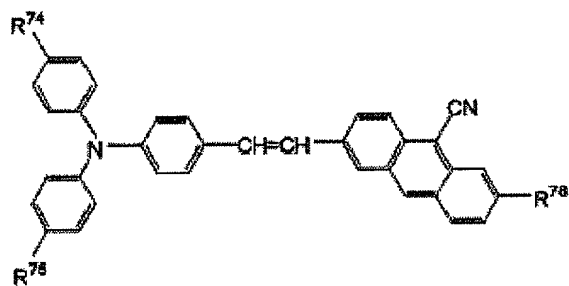
(where, in the general formula (21) above, R⁷⁰ represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁷¹ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (22)



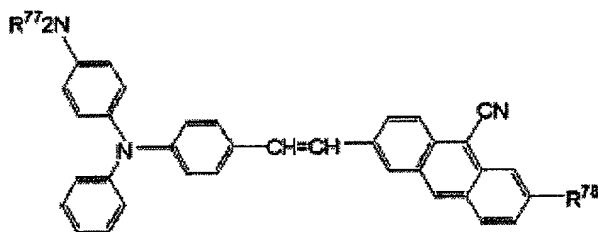
(where, in the general formula (22) above, R⁷² represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, a trifluoromethyl group, or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R⁷³ represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (23)



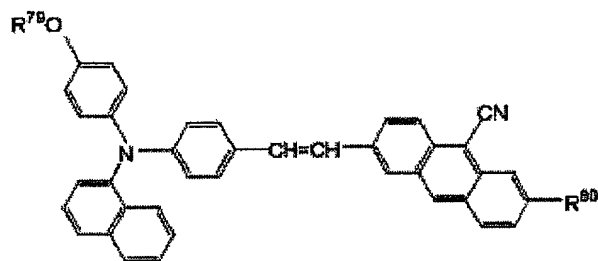
(where, in the general formula (23) above, R^{74} and R^{75} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, a trifluoromethyl group, or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{76} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (24)



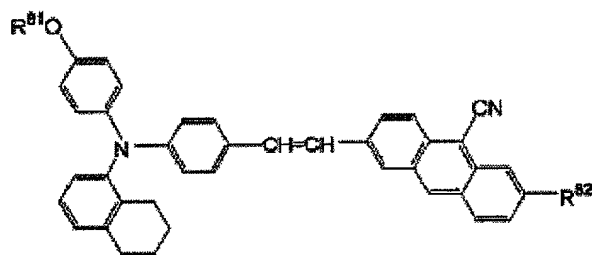
(where, in the general formula (24) above, R^{77} represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{78} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (25)



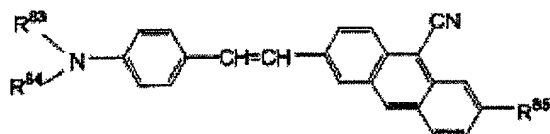
(where, in the general formula (25) above, R^{79} represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{80} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (26)



(where, in the general formula (26) above, R^{81} represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{82} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

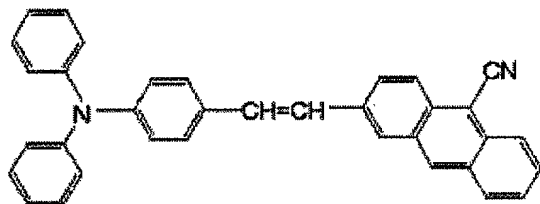
General formula (27)



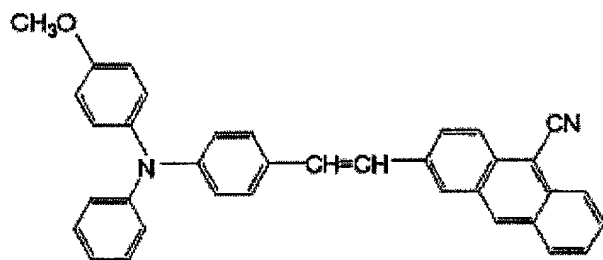
(where, in the general formula (27) above, R^{83} and R^{84} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{85} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

24. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 21, wherein said process gives an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following structural formula (28)-1, (28)-2, (28)-3, (28)-4, (28)-5, (28)-6, (28)-7, (28)-8, (28)-9, (28)-10, (28)-11, or (28)-12.

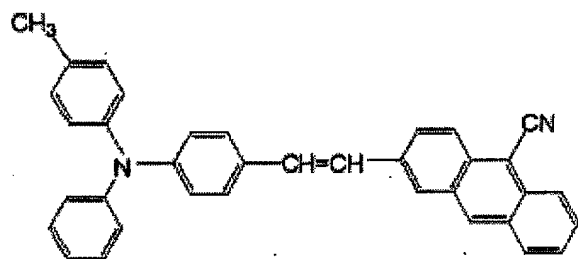
Structural formula (28)-1



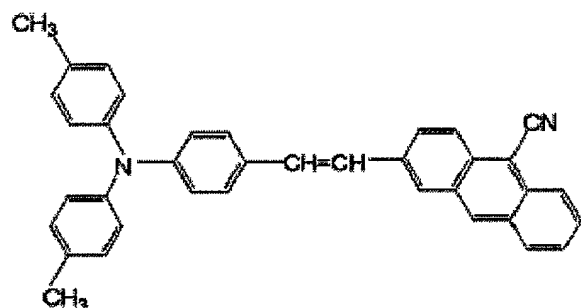
Structural formula (28)-2



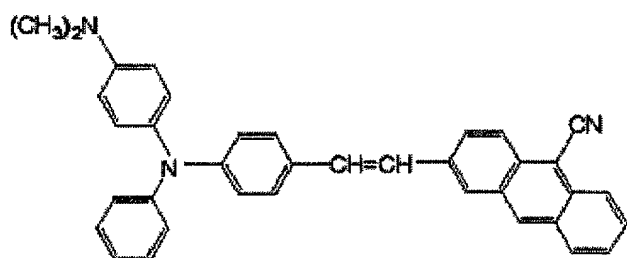
Structural formula (28)-3



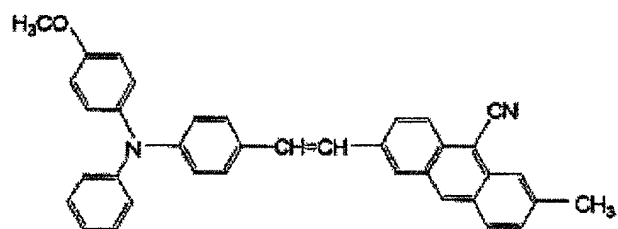
Structural formula (28)-4



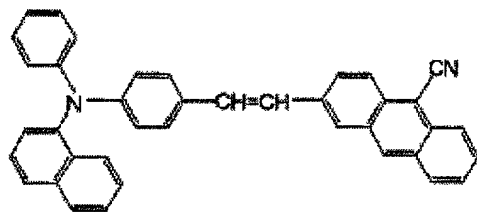
Structural formula (28)-5



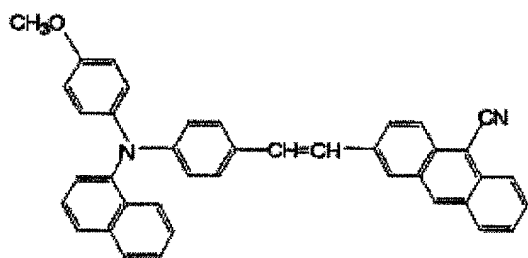
Structural formula (28)-6



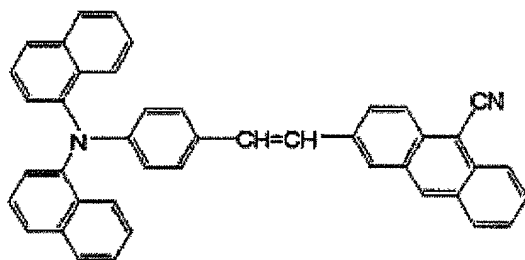
Structural formula (28)-7



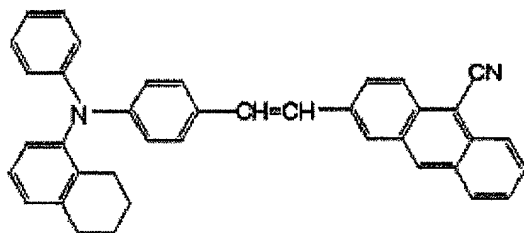
Structural formula (28)-8



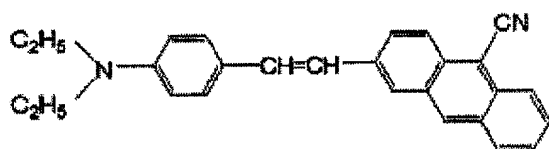
Structural formula (28)-9



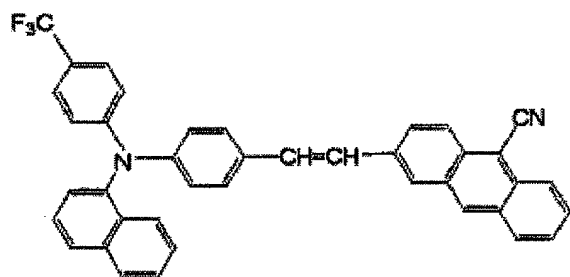
Structural formula (28)-10



Structural formula (28)-11

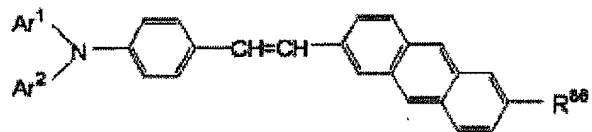


Structural formula (28)-12



25. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 14, wherein an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following general formula (29)

General formula (29)



[where, in the general formula (29) above, Ar^1 and Ar^2 are identical or different aryl groups which may have a substituent and, if they have a substituent, they represent a group selected from aryl groups represented by the following general formulas (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11),

General formula (6)



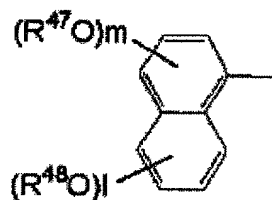
General formula (7)



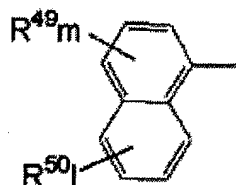
General formula (8)



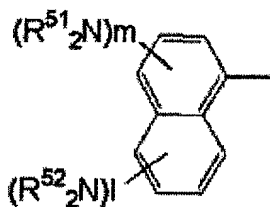
General formula (9)



General formula (10)



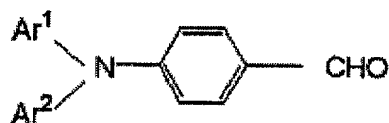
General formula (11)



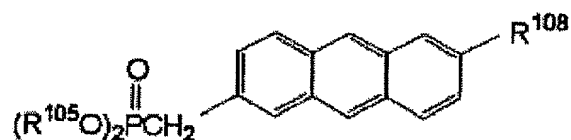
(where, in the general formulas (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11) above, R^{44} , R^{45} , and R^{46} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group or a fluoroalkyl group, R^{47} , R^{48} , R^{49} , R^{50} , R^{51} , and R^{52} are identical or different groups, each representing a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or a fluoroalkyl group, n is an integer of 0 to 5, m is an integer of 0 to 3, and l is an integer of 0 to 3), R^{86} is a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent]

is obtained by condensing 4-(N,N-diarylamino)benzaldehyde represented by the following general formula (38) with a phosphonic ester represented by the following general formula (43) or a phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula (44).

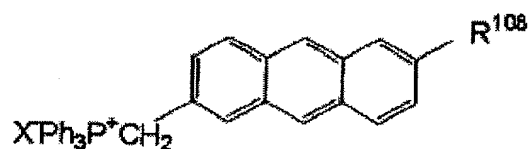
General formula (38)



General formula (43)



General formula (44)

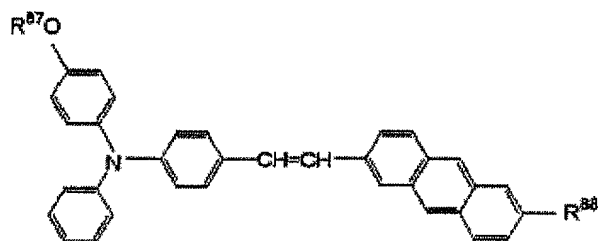


(where, in the general formulas (38), (43), and (44) above, Ar^1 , Ar^2 , R^{105} , and X are defined as above.)

26. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 25, wherein R^{44} , R^{45} , R^{46} , R^{47} , R^{48} , R^{49} , R^{50} , R^{51} , and R^{52} are groups having 1 to 6 carbons.

27. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in Claim 25, wherein said process gives an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following general formula (30), (31), (32), (33), (34), (35), or (36).

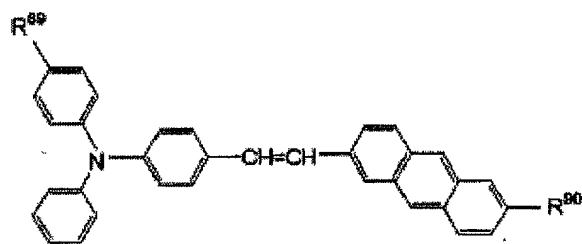
General formula (30)



(where, in the general formula (30) above, R^{87} represents a saturated or unsaturated

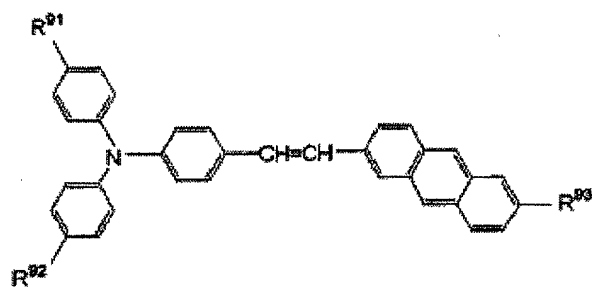
hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{88} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (31)



(where, in the general formula (31) above, R^{89} represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, a trifluoromethyl group, or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{90} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

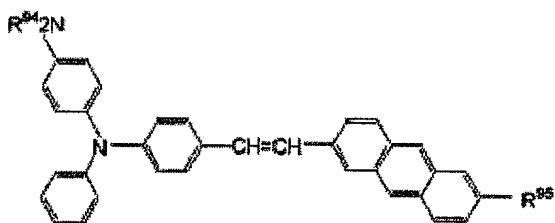
General formula (32)



(where, in the general formula (32) above, R^{91} and R^{92} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, a trifluoromethyl group, or

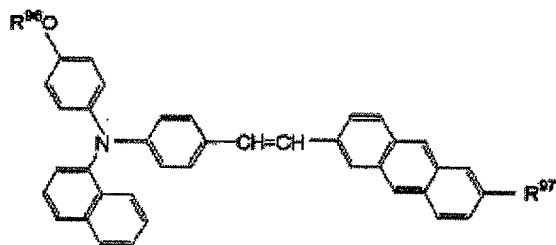
an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{93} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (33)



(where, in the general formula (33) above, R^{94} represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{95} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

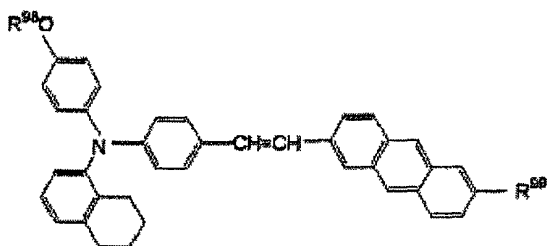
General formula (34)



(where, in the general formula (34) above, R^{96} represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{97} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated

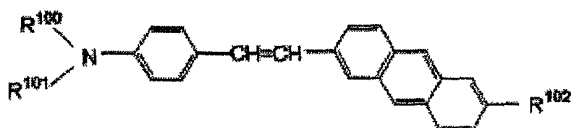
hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (35)



(where, in the general formula (35) above, R^{98} represents a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{99} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula (36)

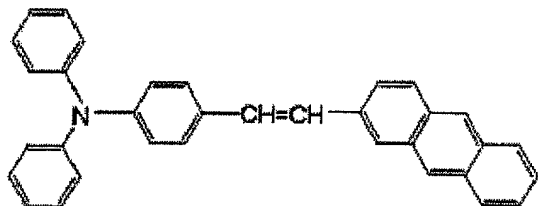


(where, in the general formula (36) above, R^{100} and R^{101} each represent a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and R^{102} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

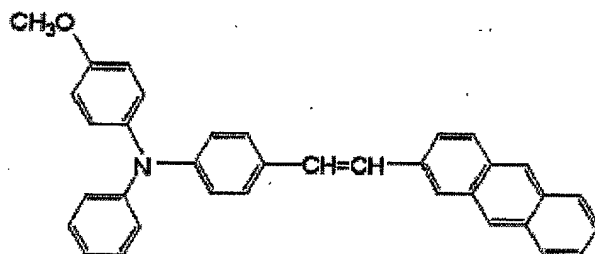
28. A process for producing an aminostyrylanthracene compound as defined in

Claim 25, wherein said process gives an aminostyrylanthracene compound represented by the following structural formula (37)-1, (37)-2, (37)-3, (37)-4, (37)-5, (37)-6, (37)-7, (37)-8, (37)-9, (37)-10, (37)-11, or (37)-12.

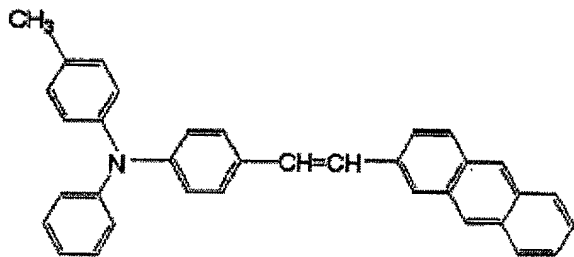
Structural formula (37)-1



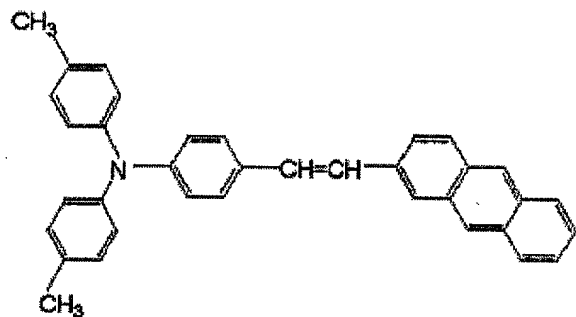
Structural formula (37)-2



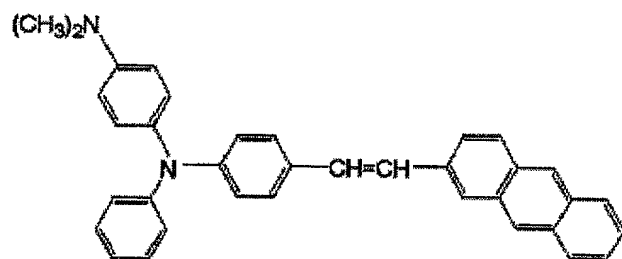
Structural formula (37)-3



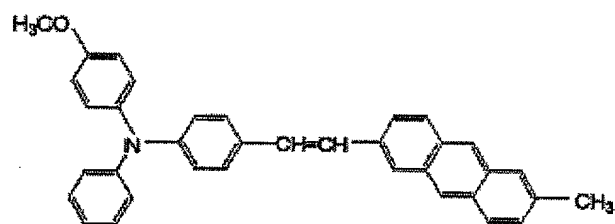
Structural formula (37)-4



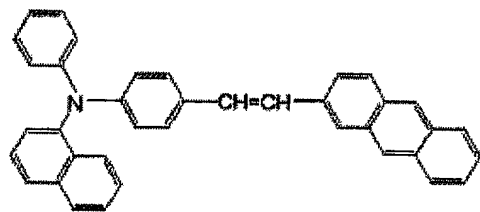
Structural formula (37)-5



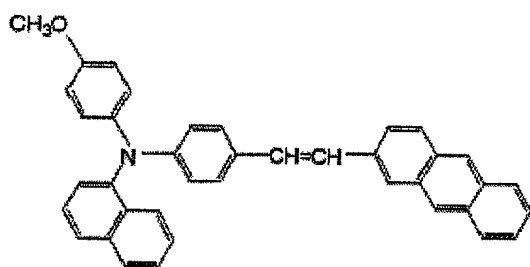
Structural formula (37)-6



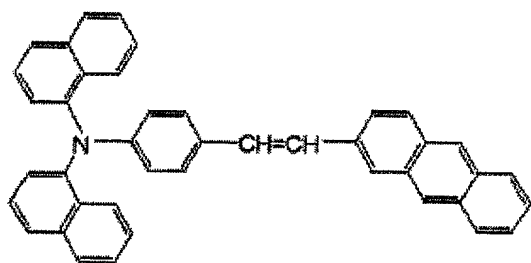
Structural formula (37)-7



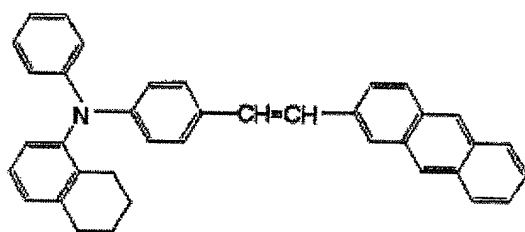
Structural formula (37)-8



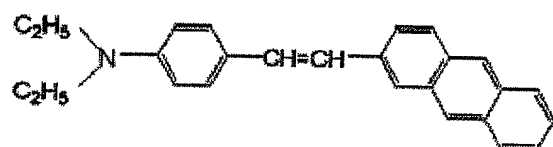
Structural formula (37)-9



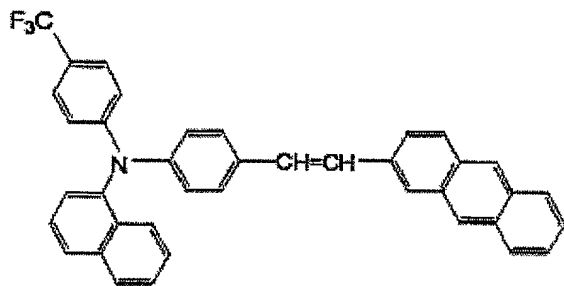
Structural formula (37)-10



Structural formula (37)-11

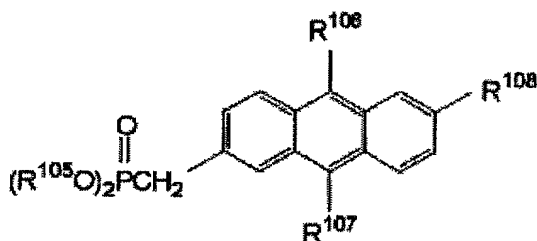


Structural formula (37)-12

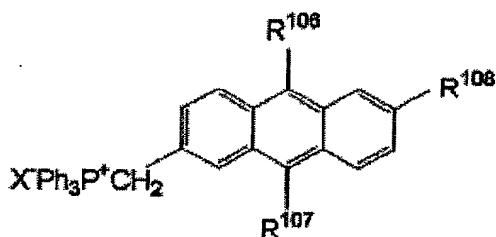


29. A phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula [VI] or [VII].

General formula [VI]



General formula [VII]



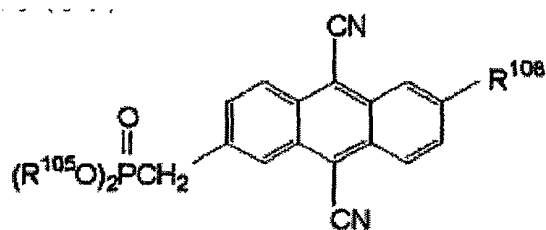
(where, in the general formulas [VI] and [VII] above, R^{105} represents a hydrocarbon group, R^{106} and R^{107} are identical or different groups, at least one of them representing a hydrogen atom, cyano group, fluoroalkyl group, nitro group, or halogen atom, R^{108} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have

a substituent, and X represents a halogen atom.)

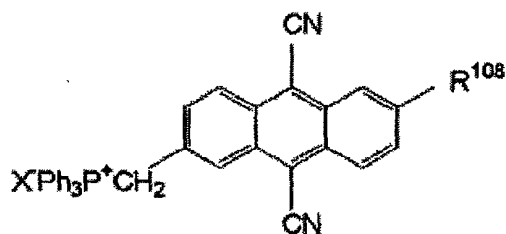
30. A phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 29, wherein R^{105} represents a saturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 4 carbons.

31. A phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 29, which is represented by the following general formula (39) or (40).

General formula (39)

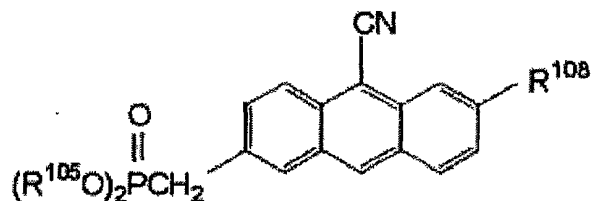


General formula (40)

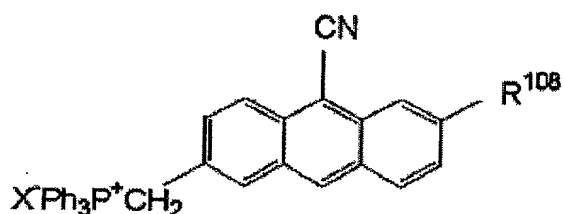


32. A phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 29, which is represented by the following general formula (41) or (42).

General formula (41)

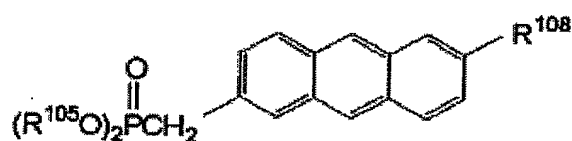


General formula (42)

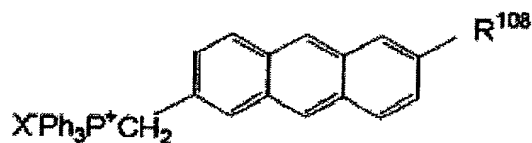


33. A phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 29, which is represented by the following general formula (43) or (44).

General formula (43)

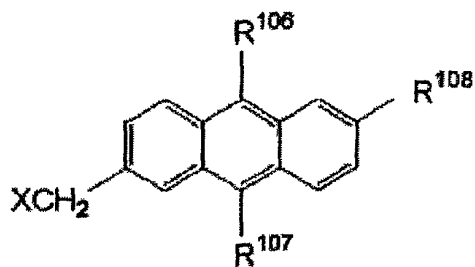


General formula (44)



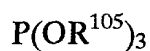
34. A process for producing a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt, which comprises reacting a halogenated aryl compound represented by the following general formula [VIII] with a trialkyl phosphite represented by the following general formula [IX] or triphenylphosphine (PPh_3), thereby giving a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula [VI] or [VII].

General formula [VIII]



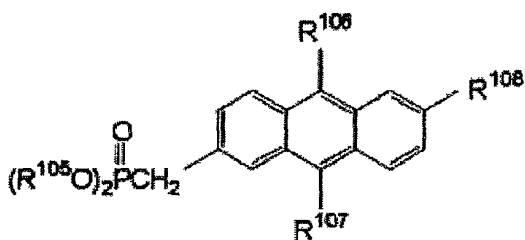
(where, in the general formula [VIII] above, R^{106} and R^{107} are identical or different groups, at least one of them representing a hydrogen atom, cyano group, fluoroalkyl group, nitro group, or halogen atom, R^{108} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and X represents a halogen atom.)

General formula [IX]

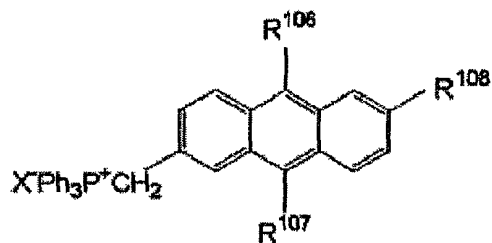


(where, in the general formula [IX] above, R^{105} represents a hydrocarbon group.)

General formula [VI]



General formula [VII]

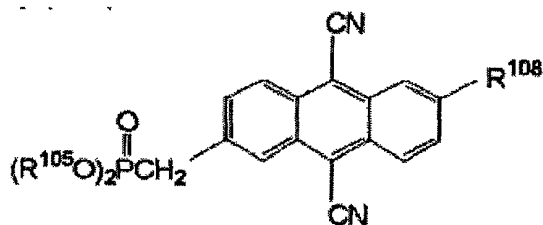


(where, in the general formulas [VI] and [VII] above, R^{105} , R^{106} , R^{107} , R^{108} , and X are defined as above.)

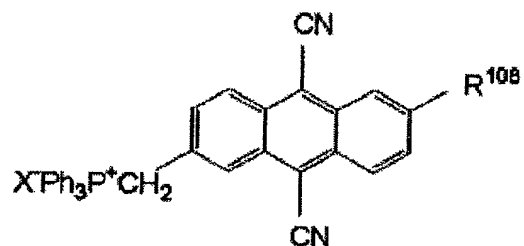
35. A process for producing phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 34, wherein R^{105} represents a saturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 4 carbons.

36. A process for producing a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 34, which gives a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula (39) or (40).

General formula (39)

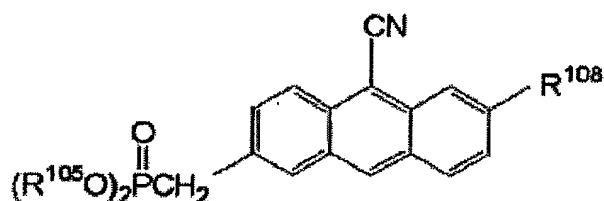


General formula (40)

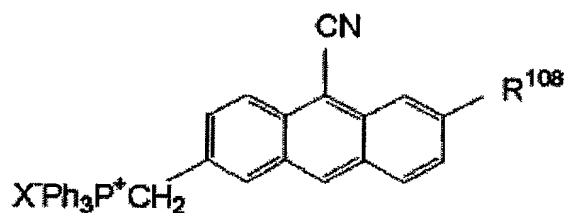


37. A process for producing a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 34, which gives a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula (41) or (42).

General formula (41)

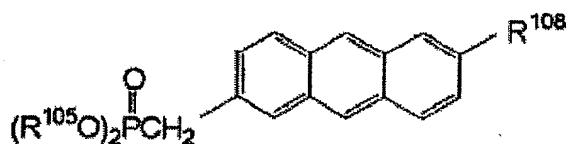


General formula (42)

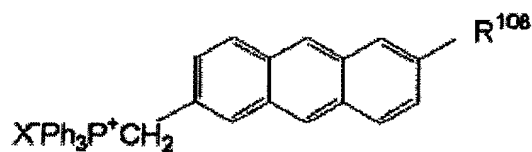


38. A process for producing a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt as defined in Claim 34, which gives a phosphonic ester or phosphonium salt represented by the following general formula (43) or (44).

General formula (43)

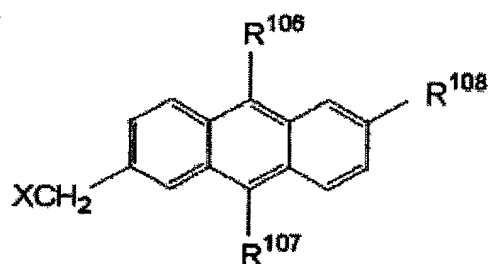


General formula (44)



39. An halogenated aryl compound represented by the following general formula [VIII].

General formula [VIII]

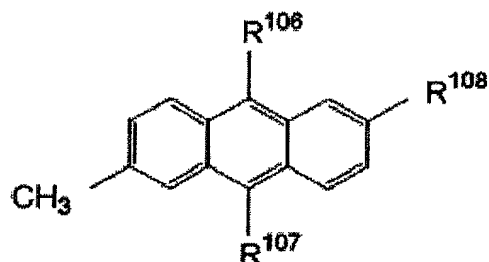


(where, in the general formula [VIII] above, R^{106} and R^{107} are identical or different groups, at least one of them representing a hydrogen atom, cyano group, fluoroalkyl group, nitro group, or halogen atom, R^{108} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent, and X represents a halogen atom.)

40. A process for producing a halogenated aryl compound which comprises reacting an anthracene compound represented by the following general formula [X] with an N-halogenated succinimide represented by the following general formula

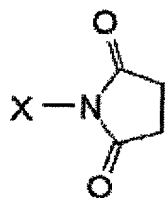
[XI], thereby giving a halogenated aryl compound represented by the following general formula [VIII].

General formula [X]



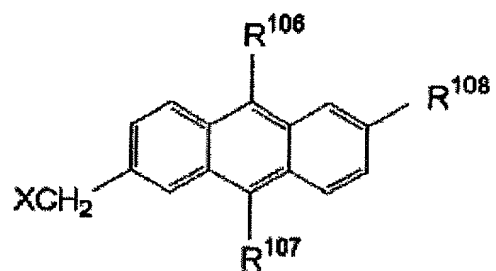
(where, in the general formula [X] above, R^{106} and R^{107} are identical or different groups, at least one of them representing a hydrogen atom, cyano group, fluoroalkyl group, nitro group, or halogen atom, R^{108} represents a hydrogen atom, a saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group having one or more carbons, or an aryl group which may have a substituent.)

General formula [XI]



(where, in the general formula [XI] above, X represents a halogen atom.)

General formula [VIII]



(where, in the general formula [VIII] above, R^{106} , R^{107} , R^{108} , and X are defined as above.)